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How Brown Leghorns Lay—Twelve
hens and pullets laid 1,233 eggs in 1899:
Jan., 12; Feb., 20; March, 187; April,
133; May, 142; June, 118; July, 137; Aug.,
151; Sept., 152; Oct., 83; Nov., 83; Dec.,
15.

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RATIFIED.

The Hay-Pauncetote Treaty
Is Now Ready For
Transmission.

British Government Has Said
That It Will Not be
Accepted.

Said if It Is Rejected the Mor-
gan Resolution Will
Be Passed.

M'KINLEY IS EMBARRASSED

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—The canal
treaty is now up to England. The
Hay-Pauncetote treaty as amended has
been ratified by the Senate. It will be
transmitted to the British Government
by President McKinley and the British
Government can accept or reject it. If
it is rejected the Senate will pass the
Morgan resolution abrogating the Clay-
ton-Bulwer treaty. This is the pro-
gram of the Senate leaders. They be-
lieve that Great Britain will accept, but
if she does not by the middle of Feb-
ruary, the Morgan resolution will be
brought forward and adopted before the
final adjournment of this Congress on
March 4.

The Administration has no official
advice to indicate the purpose of
Great Britain regarding the treaty. The
President and his Cabinet are unable to
do more than guess as to the outcome.
But the President has assured the Sen-
ate leaders that he will explain the
amendment and transmit the treaty to
London. The State Department is in-
clined to adopt the view of the London
press that the treaty will not be ac-
cepted, but the department is under
the embarrassment of having submitted
the Hay-Pauncetote treaty to Great
Britain, and had it accepted without
negotiation, and it is not inclined to ad-
mit that it could have secured a treaty
like that now ratified by the Senate.
The President is embarrassed by the
situation, but he hopes the treaty will
be accepted, for if it is not, he will be
confronted with a greater embarrass-
ment in the formal abrogation of the
old treaty, on which Great Britain
stands. It is regarded as possible that
Great Britain may withhold her ac-
ceptance and offer to negotiate a new
treaty along similar lines, so as to be
able to say that she did not bow to the
will of the United States Senate.

The Senate, however, has not sought
to make the treaty objectionable to
Great Britain. It has required much
tact to keep out other amendments
than those agreed upon by the Com-
mittee on Foreign Relations, and these
amendments have been regarded as ab-
solutely necessary to the protection of
the United States. The Senate could
not agree to Article 3, which recognized
the right of all Europe to participate
in the neutralization of the canal, nor
could it consent to the interpretation
that this treaty was supplementary to
the Clayton-Bulwer treaty and did not
supercede the old treaty. This change,
in addition to the Davis amendment
providing that nothing in the pro-
visions for neutralization should be re-
garded as preventing the United States
from adopting measures for protection,
makes the new treaty acceptable to
the Senate as a part of the amend-
ment-making power, and so far as the Sen-
ate is concerned, the whole question is
up to Great Britain.

It has been demonstrated that
the Senate has the votes to formally abro-
gate the Clayton-Bulwer treaty and
wipe out that old barrier to canal
legislation, and it is the purpose of the
Senate to do this if the amended Hay-
Pauncetote treaty is not accepted.
The situation, however, eliminates
canal legislation from the program for
this session of Congress unless Great
Britain promptly accepts the amended
treaty, for it is not the purpose of the
Senate leaders to defy the old treaty,
but prepare the way for canal legisla-
tion in a courteous and formal way, re-
spectful of the treaty rights of Great
Britain and the treaty obligations of
the United States.

The articles of the treaty as amended
and adopted by the Senate today, are
as follows:
"Article 1. It is agreed that the canal
may be constructed under either directly at
its own cost or by gift or loan of money
to individuals or corporations, or
through subscription to or purchase of
stock or shares, and that, subject to
the provisions of the present convention,
the said government shall have and
enjoy all the rights incident to such
construction as well as the exclu-
sive right of providing for the regula-
tion and management of the canal.

"Article 2. The high contracting parties
desiring to preserve the general prin-
ciples of neutralization established in
Article VIII of the Clayton-Bulwer
convention, which convention is hereby
superceded, adopt as the basis of such
neutralization, the following rules, sub-
stantially as embodied in the conven-
tion between Great Britain and certain
other powers signed at Chicago, Octo-
ber 29, 1888, for the free navigation of
the Suez maritime canal, that is to say:
"First—The canal shall be free and
open in time of war and in time of
peace to the vessels of commerce and
of war of all nations, on terms of en-
tire equality, so that there shall be
no discrimination against any nation,
its citizens or subjects, in respect
of the conditions or charges of traffic,
or otherwise.

"Second—The canal shall never be
blockaded, nor shall any act of war
be exercised, nor any act of hostility
be committed within it.
"Third—Vessels of war of a belligerent
shall not revictual nor take any stores
in the canal, except so far as may be
strictly necessary, and the transit of
such vessels through the canal shall
be effected with the least possible delay
in accordance with the regulations
and with force, and with only such
intermission as may result from the
necessities of the service. Prizes shall
be in all respects subject to the same
rules as vessels of war of the belligerents.

"Fourth—No belligerent shall em-
bark or disembark troops, munitions of
war or warlike materials in the canal
except in case of accidental hindrance
of the transit, and in such cases the
transit shall be resumed with all pos-
sible dispatch.

"Fifth—The provisions of this article
shall apply to waters adjacent to the
canal, within three marine miles of
either end. Vessels of war of a belligerent
shall not remain in such waters
longer than twenty-four hours at any
one time, except in case of distress, and

IRISH SOCIETY DIRECTORY

A. O. H.

DIVISION 1

Meets on the Second and Fourth Tues-
day Evenings of Each Month.
President—Thomas J. Dolan.
Vice President—Tim J. Sullivan.
Recording Secretary—L. D. Perranda.
Financial Secretary—Peter J. Cusick.
191 Bank street.
Treasurer—John Mulloy.
Sergeant-at-Arms—John Killeen.
Sentinel—Tim Lyons.

DIVISION 2

Meets on the Second and Fourth Thurs-
day Evenings of Each Month.
President—William T. Meehan.
Vice President—Thomas Campfield.
Recording Secretary—John Mooney.
Financial Secretary—John T. Keane.
1835 Rogers street.
Treasurer—Owen Keiran.

DIVISION 3

Meets on the First and Third Wednesday
Evenings of Each Month.
President—John Cavanaugh.
Vice President—Michael Hoban.
Recording Secretary—N. J. Sheridan.
Financial Secretary—James Coleman.
117 Twentieth.
Treasurer—George J. Butler.

DIVISION 4

Meets on the Second and Fourth Wednes-
day Evenings of Each Month.
President—John Hennessy.
Vice President—Thomas Lynch.
Recording Secretary—John Grogan.
Financial Secretary—Thomas Langau.
722 Oldham street.
Assistant—John Shaghnessy.
Treasurer—Harry Brady.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Jerry Hallahan.
Sentinel—William Ansbro.

DIVISION 1, NEW ALBANY.

Meets the Second and Fourth Thursday
Evenings at Holy Trinity Hall.
County President—P. W. Kennedy.
President—Dan Walsh.
Vice President—John Winn.
Recording Secretary—John Callaghan.
Financial Secretary—James O'Hara, 222
West Ninth street.
Treasurer—John McBarron.

DIVISION 1, JEFFERSONVILLE.

Meets on the First and Third Tuesday
at Pfau's Hall.
County President—William Reilly.
President—Robert Gleason.
Vice President—John Kinney.
Recording Secretary—Dan Gleason.
Financial Secretary—Frank Hogan.
Treasurer—Michael Kenney.

IRISH-AMERICAN SOCIETY.

Meets at Hibernian Hall First and Third
Thursday Evenings of Each Month.
President—Charles P. Feehey.
First Vice President—Thos. J. Claire.
Second Vice President—M. W. Murphy.
Recording Secretary—John J. Flynn.
Financial Secretary—Joseph Byrne.
Treasurer—Thomas W. Tarpey.
Sergeant—John Kenney.
Sentinel—Timothy Lyons.

In such case shall depart as soon as
possible. But a vessel of war of one
country shall not depart within
twenty-four hours from the departure
of a vessel of war of another belligerent.

"It is agreed, however, that none of
the immediately foregoing conditions
and stipulations in sections, numbered
2, 3, 4 and 5 of this article shall apply
to measures which the United States
may find necessary to make for se-
curing by its own forces the defense of
the United States and the maintenance
of public order.

"Sixth—The plant, establishment,
buildings and all works necessary to
the construction, maintenance and op-
eration of the canal shall be deemed to
be part thereof, for the purpose of this
convention, and in time of war, as in
time of peace, shall enjoy complete im-
munity from attack or injury by bel-
ligerents, and from acts calculated to
impair their usefulness as part of the
canal.

"Seventh—No fortifications shall be
erected commanding the canal or the
waters adjacent. The United States
however, shall be at liberty to main-
tain such military police along the
canal as may be necessary to protect
it against lawlessness and disorder.

"Article 3.—The present convention
shall be ratified by the President of the
United States and by the advice and
consent of the Senate thereof, and by
Her Britannic Majesty, and the ratifica-
tions shall be exchanged at Wash-
ington or at London within six months
from the date thereof, or earlier, if
possible.

The vote was 55 to 18. The roll-call
was as follows:
Yeas—Aldrich, Allison, Bacon, Bever-
idge, Burrows, Carter, Chandler, Clay,
Cushman, Debs, Dilliam, Eilers,
Fairbanks, Foraker, Foster, Frye, Gal-
linger, Hale, Hanna, Hansbrough, Har-
ris, Hawley, Hoar, Jones of Nevada,
Kean, Kenney, Lindsay, McBride,
Lodge, McCoombs, McCumber, McHenry,
McLaurin, McMillan, Mallory, Morgan,
Nelson, Penrose, Perkins, Pettus,
Plant of New York, Prichard, Proctor,
Quarles, Scott, Spooner, Stewart,
Sullivan, Tallaferro, Thurston,
Turner, Warren, Wetmore, Wolcott,
55.
Nays—Allen, Bard, Bate, Berry, But-
ler, Cockrell, Culbertson, Daniel, Heit-
feld, Martin, Mason, Money, Pettigrew,
Teller, Tillman, Turley, Vest, Wellin-
gton—18.

All the amendments other than those
of the Committee on Foreign Relations
were voted down.
A vote was taken on the amendments
recommended by the Committee on Foreign
Relations. They were adopted.

The first of the amendments added
the words "which is hereby superseded"
after the words "Clayton-Bulwer con-
vention" in the preamble to Article 2,
making it read as follows:
"The high contracting parties, desir-
ing to preserve and maintain the gen-
eral principle of neutralization estab-
lished in Article VIII of the Clayton-Bul-
wer convention, which is hereby super-
seded, adopted as the basis of such neu-
tralization, the following amendments:
Substantially as embodied in the con-
vention between Great Britain and cer-
tain other Powers signed at Chicago
October 29, 1888, for the free naviga-
tion of the Suez maritime canal."

The second amendment reported by
the committee strikes out Article 3 of
the treaty, which is as follows:
"The high contracting parties will, im-
mediately upon the exchange of the ratifi-
cations of this convention, bring it to
the notice of the other Powers and in-
vite them to adhere to it."

Senator Morgan announces his de-
termination today to press the Nicara-
gua canal bill to a speedy passage.
Conservative following of Senators is
disposed to delay action until Great
Britain signifies its policy, while Sen-
ator Morgan insists that the Executive
branch of the Government has ob-
served the necessary amenities toward
Great Britain, and may now pass the
canal bill without delay. He is espe-
cially anxious to obtain a vote because
of the formidable opposition manifest-
ing itself, and the combination of the
Government of Colombia and the Pan-
ama Canal and Trans-Continental rail-
way interests against the Nicaragua
bill.

SANTA AT BAACON'S.

Kris Kringle Has Established
Headquarters at the
Big Store.

Toys and Christmas Goods of
All Descriptions Are On
Exhibition.

It Is a World of Wonders—The
Firm Prepares to
Move.

Moving a great department store is
about as arduous a task as one may well
imagine. It means a tremendous amount
of expense and a still more tremendous
amount of labor.

It is such an undertaking that con-
fronts the mammoth establishment of
J. Bacon & Sons. Immediately after the
holidays the big concern will remove
from its present quarters on Market
street, above Preston, to the splendid
new building on Market, just off of
Fourth avenue, that is now being pre-
pared for it.

However, the Bacons had expected to
move before now. With that object in
view the heads of the various depart-
ments—and there are scores of them—laid
in holiday supplies ad lib, for display in
the firm's new home. Extraordinary
large assortments of Christmas goods of
every variety were ordered.

But a few weeks ago it was discovered
that the new house couldn't possibly be
completed by the expected time. As the
present quarters are entirely too small to
accommodate the record-breaking stock
a huge sacrifice sale of Christmas goods
has been found imperative in order to
make room and in order, also, to do
away with the necessity of moving a
great quantity of goods to the new build-
ing next month.

As a result Bacon's is a veritable bee-
hive of trade and industry these days.
Drawn by the exceedingly low prices
throngs of shoppers fill every floor and
line every counter. Hundreds of clerks,
cash boys, floor walkers, bundle wrap-
pers, porters, accountants and cashiers—
an army of them in all—are kept as busy
as so many ants in an ant hill. Mean-
while on the sidewalk great crowds of
happy children watch the wonderful me-
chanical toys in the big show windows.
At times the excited youngsters block the
way.

The variety and number of Christmas
staples and novelties are unlimited. Any-
body and everybody may find what they
want at Bacon's, and the cost will be
satisfactory, too. So many pretty things
at such astonishingly low prices were
never seen before in Louisville. Both
hemispheres have been searched for
quaint and beautiful holiday goods. Santa
Claus may fill his pack a thousand times
at Bacon's and still leave plenty behind
for generous mamma's and papas to select
from.

The displays in the windows afford a
fit foretaste of the children's wonderland
that unfolds within. To the youngsters
who flatten their noses against the plate
glass the sight must be like a bit of
Christmas fairyland. Electrical and me-
chanical toys evoke murmurs of delight
and amazement from the juvenile audi-
ences. There is a circus performer who
waltzes in a most lifelike manner upon a
slack wire. A twentieth century bicycle
girl flirts knowingly with the passer-by.
A clown magician removes his own head
and then discovers it in a box near by.

KITCHENER CAPTURED.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—There is a rumor
in military circles to the effect that
Lord Kitchener, Commander-in-Chief
of the British forces, in South Africa
has been captured by the Boers.

The war office denies all knowledge of
the subject and discredits the story.
The last dispatch received from Gen.
Kitchener was dated from Pretoria,
and sent from that city at 8:15 o'clock
last night.

The Boers have been active in the
neighborhood of Pretoria for several
days.

JOHN YERKES SWORN IN.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—John W.
Yerkes has formally assumed the office
of Commissioner of Internal Revenue.
He was to have been sworn in this
morning, but his commission was late
in coming from the White House. The
ceremony took place in the Treasury
Department this afternoon. Mr. Yerkes
swore to uphold the Constitution of the
United States and to honestly admin-
ister the affairs of office.

Mr. Yerkes has urged the name of
Banker Welch of Danville, for the Col-
lectors of the Eighth district. Judge
Denton of Somerset, who has been
mentioned in these dispatches, is still
in the lead for the position, and will
probably win out, as Mr. Yerkes will
not undertake to buck against the
combined Republican endorsement
which has been given the Somerset
man.

OFFICIAL FIGURES.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.—The Times
this morning publishes a table showing
the popular vote for Presidential elec-
tors in the recent election. Minnesota
was the last State to declare its vote,
this not having been done until yester-
day (Wednesday).

In some States, as in Louisiana and
South Carolina, there were the nomi-
nations of but two parties, Republican
and Democratic, upon the ballots; in
other States there were three and four,
and in some eight.

The total vote, including 6,211 scat-
tering, was 13,967,289. Of this, McKin-
ley received 7,217,677 and Bryan 6,357,-
853. Woolley, Prohibitionist, received
so far as reported 297,366; Barker, Mid-
dle-of-the-Road Populist, 50,183; Debs,
Social-Democrat, 94,552, and Maloney,
Social-Labor, 23,450.

McKinley's plurality, according to the
figures of the Times, was 859,824; Mc-
Kinley's majority was 468,05.

Briak walks in a misty rain are recom-
mended to give the skin a delicate fresh-
ness and glow.

THE KENTUCKY IRISH AMERICAN

Has celebrated its anniversary, entering
upon its Fifth Volume. The promises made
to its readers and friends in the first issue
have been faithfully observed, and its cir-
culation has enjoyed a steady growth. This
should be increased in the future until it is
read in the home of every Irish-American in
Kentucky and adjoining States. The Ken-
tucky Irish American for the coming year
will make features of

Irish News,
Church News,
Society News,
Home News,
Labor News,
Sporting News.

It is a First-Class Weekly Journal which is
printed and mailed on Fridays, so that its
city readers may take advantage of the
announcements it contains and be directed
where to make their Saturday purchases.
This will result in great benefit to our
advertisers, who should remember the fact
that it has the Official Indorsement of the

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endeavor to furnish our readers a fearless,
liberal and honest publication—one that may
be relied upon for its every word.

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Will serve their interests best by sending in
their copy as early in the week as possible.
They will find that advertisements placed in
this paper will be productive of the best
results, as it now has a very large circulation
among the best class of our citizens.

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nications to the

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